解析・制御の統合プラットフォーム開発による 実験遂行能力の高度化

炭竃 聡之 RIKEN Nishina Center

Collaborators: 清水陽平, 馬場秀忠 (RIKEN)

計測システム研究会2025

RI beam @ RIKEN RIBF

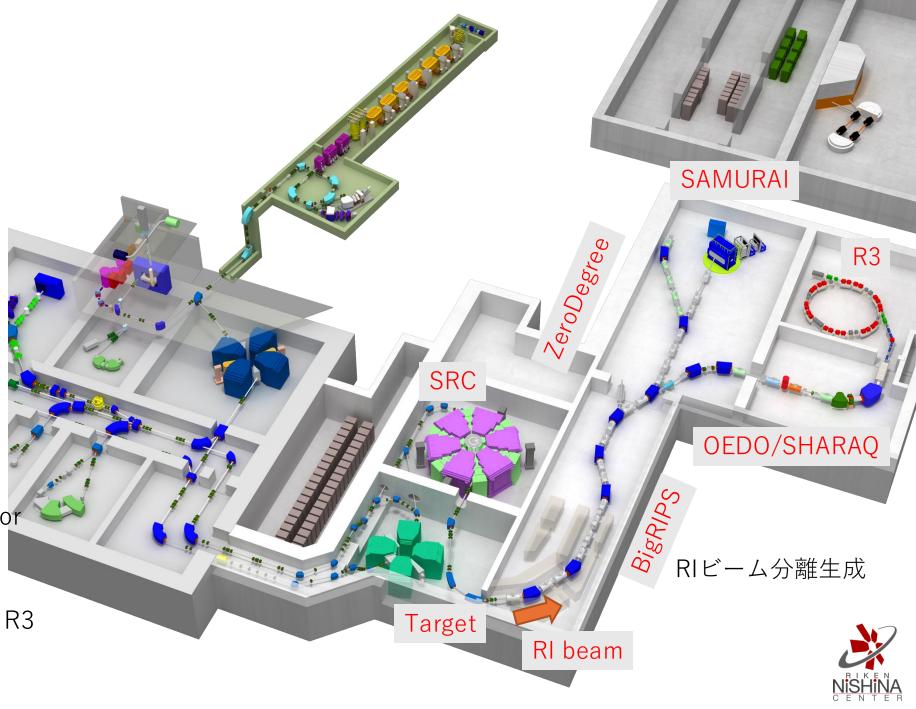
In-flight fragment separator

- BigRIPS

Spectrometer etc

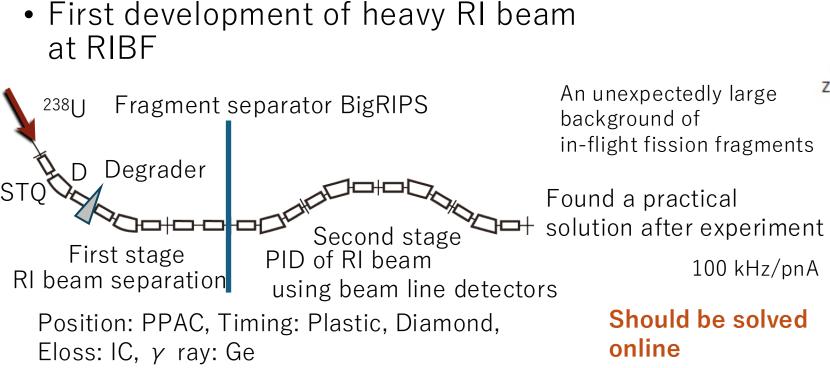
- ZeroDegree, SAMURAI, R3

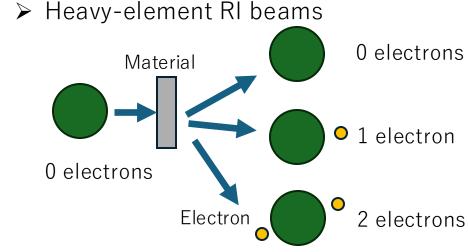
- OEDO/SHARAQ (CNS)

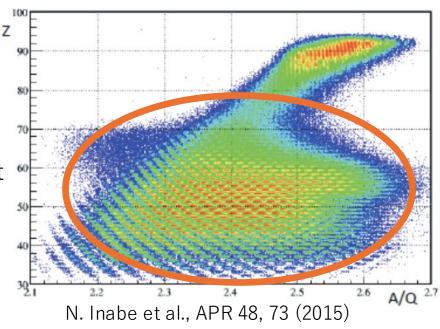


Improvement of RI-beam production at RIBF

- Issues about heavy RI beam
 - Charge state changes in beam-line materials.
 - Q change \rightarrow Bp change
 - Complicating both the purification and PID of RI beam
- First development of heavy RI beam





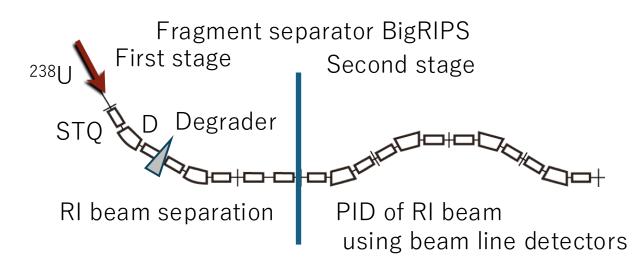


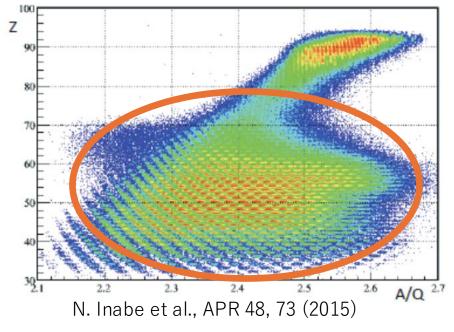
 $B\rho - \Delta E - TOF \rightarrow Z, A/Q$

計測システム研究会2025

Improvement of RI-beam production at RIBF

- **Demand for Speed & Quality:** Deliver RI beams *faster* and with *higher quality*.
- Ideal: Real-Time Optimization: Fully understand data & adjust BigRIPS.
- The Reality: Highly Demanding.
- **Growing Complexity:** More detectors = harder optimization.
- The Question: Do we have the right tools?
- The Goal: Enhance online capabilities.





Vision of integration platform BYACO

- Operate several tasks:
 - Data acquisition
 - Data analysis (histogram, fitting)
 - Magnet currents, detector setting etc.
 - Status monitoring
- Macro
 - Increase productivity
 - Not easy to handle all the matters involved
 - Many macros: Where is it? How to use it?

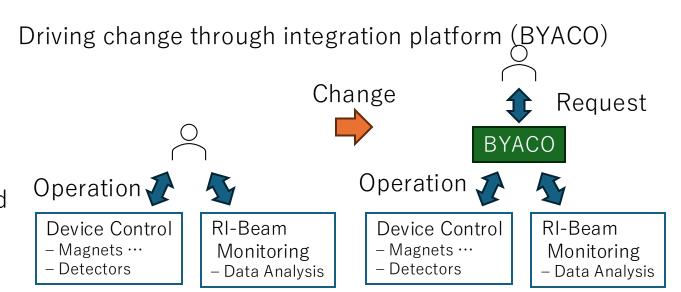
BYACO

(BeYond Analysis, Control or Operation alone)

- Unifies all relevant controls into a single platform
- Established workflow
 - Executed by clicking a button in a Web application.

BYACO shifts the human role from routine operation to request.

We can focus on unexpected results and important things during experiment.



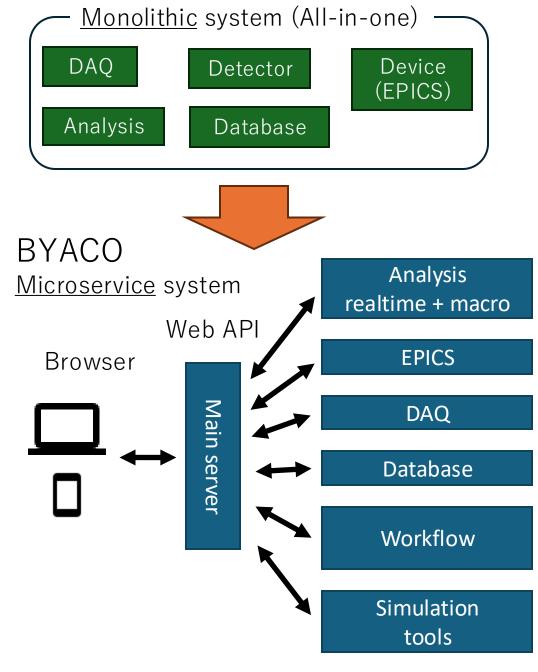
T. Sumikama et al., APR 54, 82 (2021).

Concept of BYACO

- BYACO: A platform combining multiple functions
 - Designed to advance online experiments, also adaptable to a wide range of use cases.
- Monolithic system
 - As the codebase grows, many components become tightly coupled and making changes slower over time.
 - Locked into a single technology stack.
- Microservice system (BYACO)
 - Loose coupling thorough Web APIs and sockets.
 - Web API (Command)
 - WebSocket (Information sharing)
 - Each component concentrates on a single function
 - Any languages can be used (e.g., C++, Python, JavaScript)

Note: Some libraries are language-specific.

- Integration of analysis software
 - macros developed for offline analysis



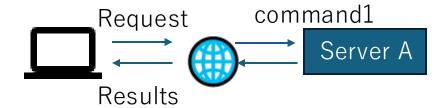
Exposing functionality via Web APIs

- 1. Use a library for Web server
 - Requires language-specific knowledge

- 2. Run a standalone program via StdIO
 - 1. Prepare a standalone program
 - Modify a Node.js example to expose a Web API
 - This approach is very convenient and our favorite.

Web API

Web API in BYACO http://byaco.example.internal/serverA/command1



Standard input/output

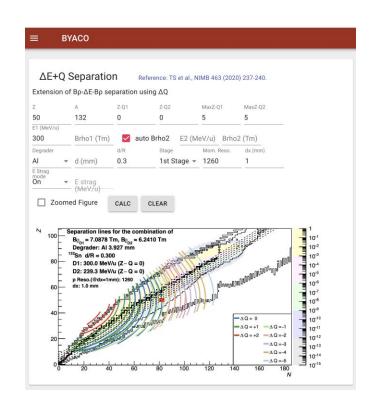
Fundamental interface

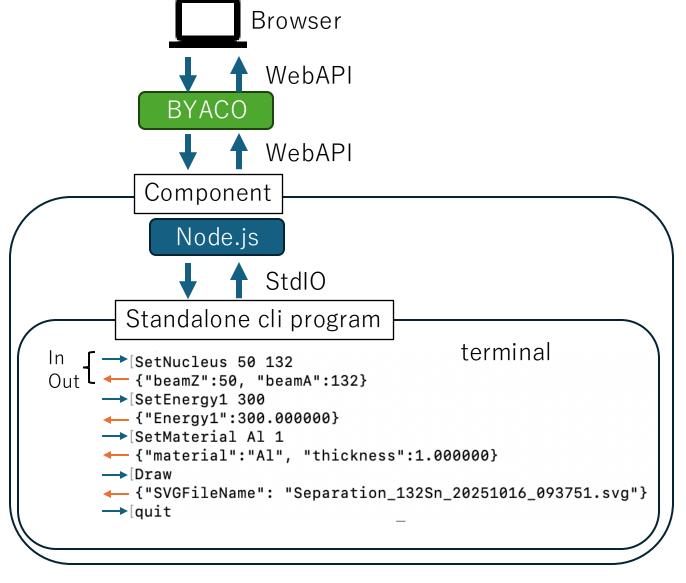
C++: cin/cout

Python: input/print

BYACO Use-Case: Running a simulation & fetching results via Web API

- Simple example
 - Isotope separation of fragment separator in case of Q change

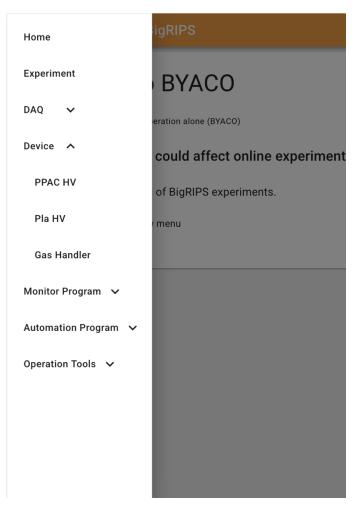




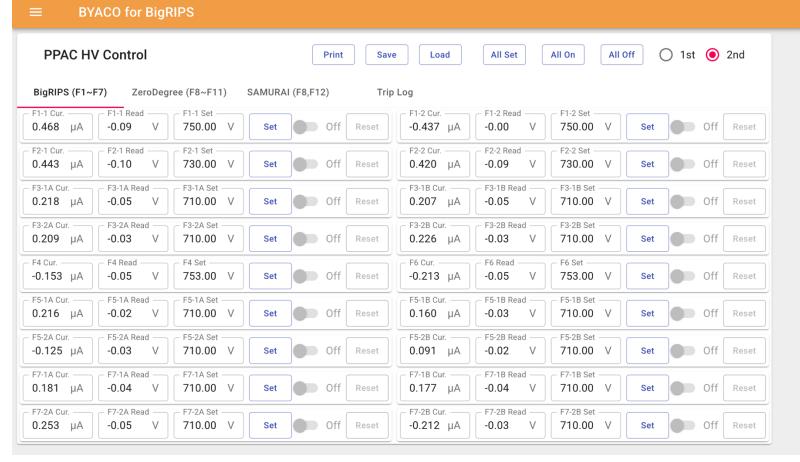
BYACO Use-Cases

Developed by Shimizu-san

Total: about 20 cases

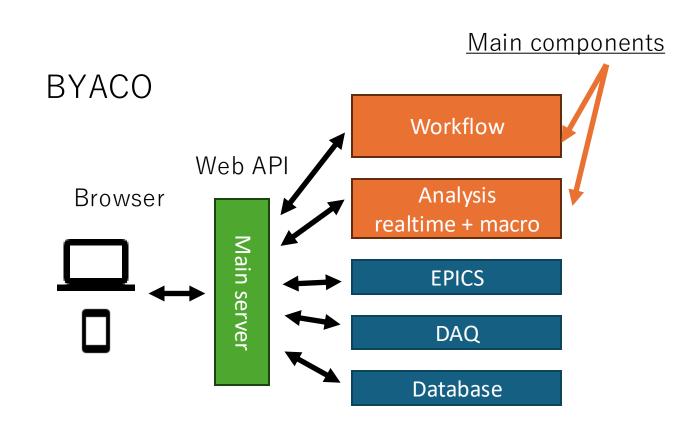


Detector control



BYACO Use-Case: Automated RI-beam tuning

- Component Design
 - Separate Concerns
 - Analysis applies gates to measured data, perform curve fitting
 - Workflow Orchestrator builds and drives the beam-tuning sequence.
 - Isolate External Interfaces
 - EPICS Interface
 - DAQ Interface
 - Database Interface



Analysis software with ROOT-based GUI

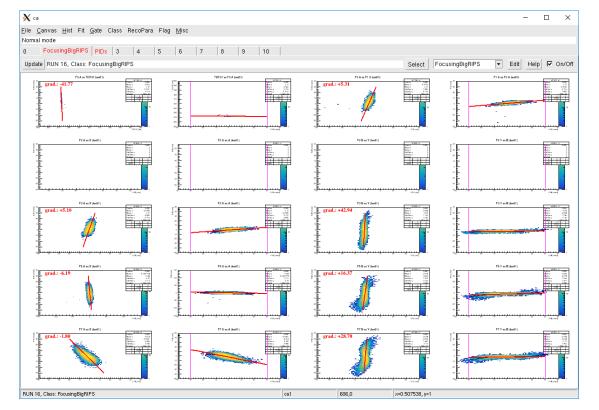
- Most challenging component
 - Begin with a minimal PoC for automated RI-beam tuning
 - Three subcomponents

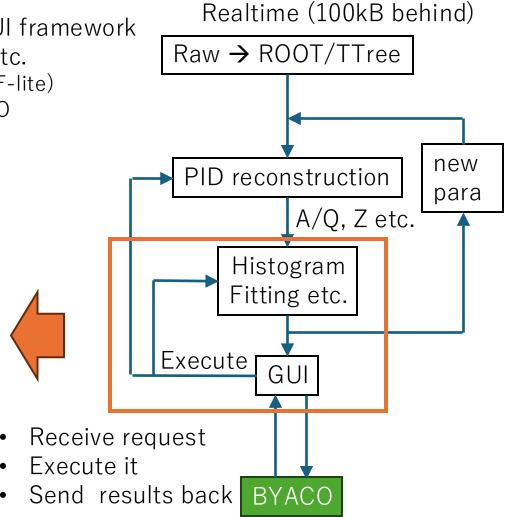
GUI application

Leverage ROOT's built-in GUI framework

Histogram filling + fitting etc.
 One tab → One file (PROOF-lite)

- Communication with BYACO





Analysis software with ROOT-based GUI

Example

Event loop

```
Bool t FocusingBigRIPS::Process(Long64_t entry)
 if(key.size()==0) return kTRUE;
  fReader.SetLocalEntry(entry);
 if( useflag && !(*flagAll) ){ return kTRUE; }
 if( !IsInside(iso01) ){ return kTRUE; }
 f2x = (*F2X) + f2z * (*F2A) / 1000.;
 f2y = (*F2Y) + f2z * (*F2B) / 1000.;
 f3x = (*F3X) + f3z * (*F3A) / 1000.;
 f3y = (*F3Y) + f3z * (*F3B) / 1000.;
 f5x = (*F5X) + f5z * (*F5A) / 1000.;
  f5y = (*F5Y) + f5z * (*F5B) / 1000.;
 f7x = (*F7X) + f7z * (*F7A) / 1000.;
 f7y = (*F7Y) + f7z * (*F7B) / 1000.;
 // user area
 hF1XA->Fill(*T0F37,*F3A);
 hF1AX->Fill(*F3A,*T0F37);
 hF2XA->Fill(f2x,*F2A);
 hF2YB->Fill(f2y,*F2B);
 hF2AX->Fill(*F2A,f2x);
 hF2BY->Fill(*F2B,f2y);
 hF3XA->Fill(f3x,*F3A);
  hF3YB->Fill(f3y,*F3B);
```

- Programming in C++
 - Merit: Flexible
 - Demerit: Take a lot of effort
 - → Use GUI for simple figures and operations
 - → ROOT GUI: End of development

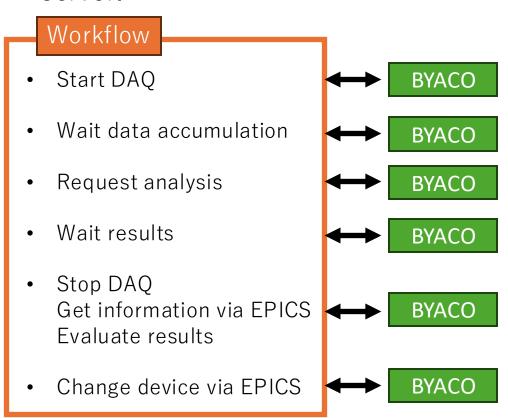
After event loop

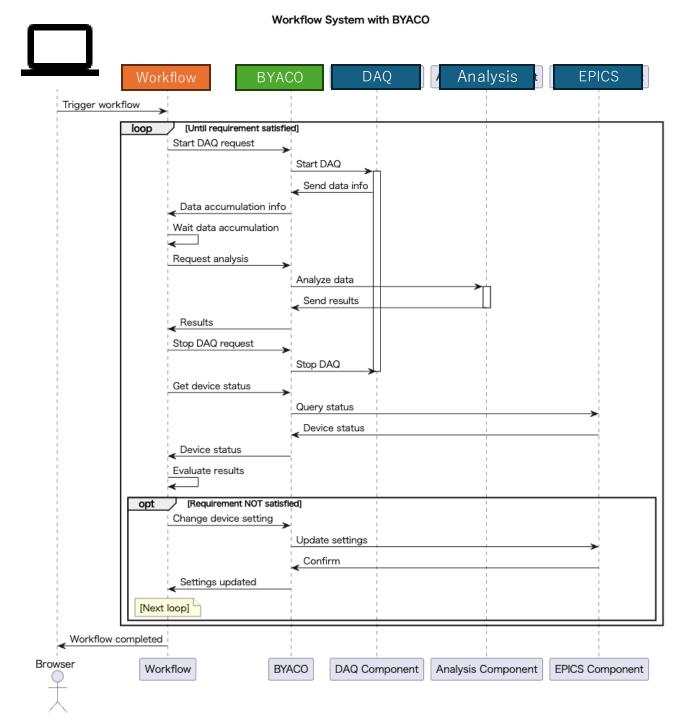
```
void FocusingBigRIPS::Terminate()
grad->SetTextColor(kRed);

c->cd(1); hF1XA->Draw("colz"); SetLogz(hF1XA, gPad);
c->cd(2);
if( hF1AX->GetEffectiveEntries() > detectionlimit && gf3a.grmin && gf3
    hF1AX->GetXaxis()->SetRangeUser(gf3a.GetMin(),gf3a.GetMax());
    if( hF1AX->GetEffectiveEntries() > detectionlimit ){
        r = hF1AX->Fit("pol1","SQ");
        c->cd(1);
        res->DrawLine(r->Parameter(1)*gf3a.GetMin()+r->Parameter(0),gf3a.G
        grad->DrawLatexNDC(0.15,0.84,Form("grad.: %+.2f", 1/r->Parameter(1)
        c->cd(2);
    }
    hF1AX->GetXaxis()->UnZoom();
}
hF1AX->Draw("colz"); SetLogz(hF1AX, gPad); gf3a.Draw();
```

Workflow orchestrator

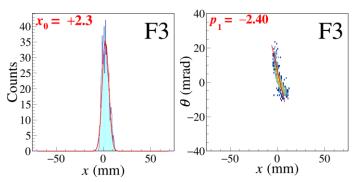
 Workflow communicates with BYACO main server, forwarding requests to each server.

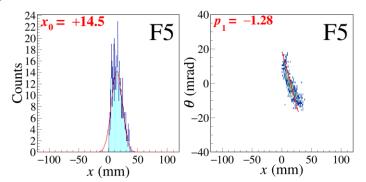


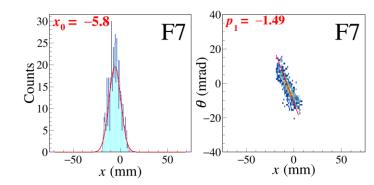


Experimental demonstration Automated focusing & centering

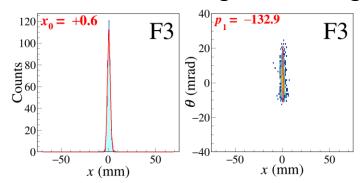
before automated focusing & centering

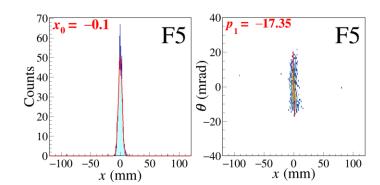


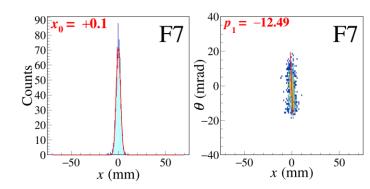




after automated focusing & centering

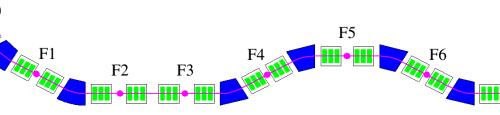






Successfully demonstrated automated focus tuning using BYACO.





Perspective

- Issues identified in the PoC
 - Analysis:

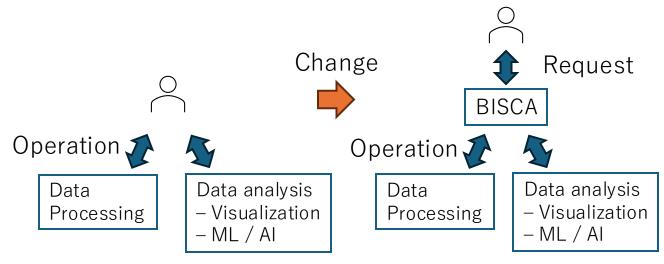
RI beams with different Z, A, and E Different detector responses Different sources of contaminant RI beams

Before a final RI-beam tuning, we need a detector optimization, rough RI-beam purification and rough RI-beam tuning.

Analysis software needs to cover these processes and customizations for automation.

Need flexibility and interactivity.

- Future development
- 1. New analysis software
 - Bring Inspired Sense and Creativity to Analyst (BISCA)

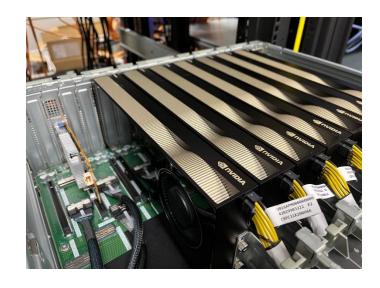


- Modern visualization with flexibility and interactivity
- AI, ML, generative AI
 <u>Under conceptual design</u>

Perspective

- Issues identified in the PoC
 - Workflow:
 Use of dedicated OSS
 - Secure Usability:
 Authentication & Authorization
 - Operations:
 Managing an expanding micro-service ecosystem

- Future development
- 2. Build a Kubernetes cluster for microservices
 - Accelerate migration to a fully containerized stack
 - Enable Kubernetes-native OSS for future integration of AI/ML tools



Summary

- **BYACO** is an integration platform for analysis, control, and operation in RI beam experiments.
- Microservice architecture promotes flexibility, scalability, and integration of diverse tools & program languages.
- Decoupled components & Web API communication enable automated workflows.
- Successful demonstration of automated beam tuning validates the core concepts.
- Future Development: Expanding analysis software, dedicated OSS workflow, etc.